

第 42 回
平成 20 年度 英語学力テスト A
問題用紙

テストを始める前に

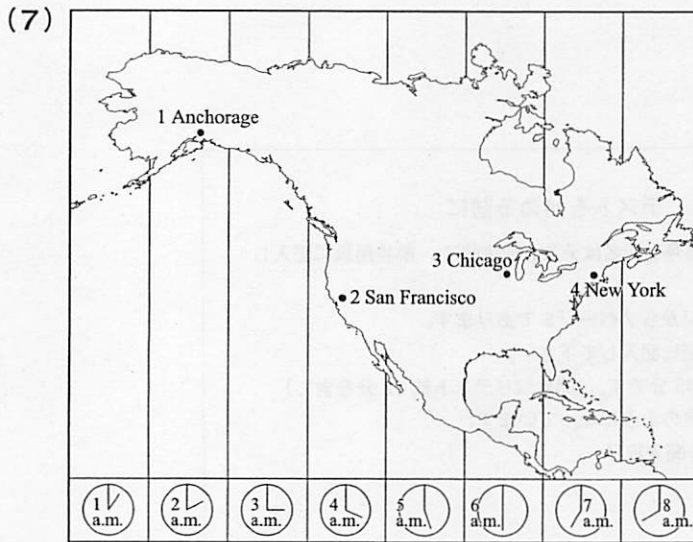
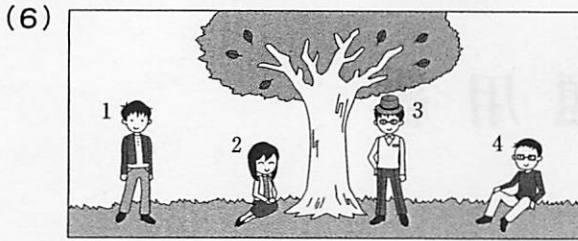
1. 学校名, 組, 番号, 氏名はテスト開始前に, 解答用紙に記入して下さい。
2. 問題は 1 ページから 7 ページまであります。
3. 解答は解答用紙に記入して下さい。
4. テスト時間は 45 分です。(聞き取りテスト約 12 分を含む)
5. 問題の内容は次のようになっています。
 - ① 放送による聞き取り
 - ② 会話表現
 - ③ 熟語
 - ④ 単語
 - ⑤ 文法
 - ⑥ ⑦ 読解

1 問題はすべて放送によって行います。

放送を聞いて質問に対して最も適している答えを選びなさい。(答えの選択肢は放送で読まれます。)

- | | | | | |
|-----|----|----|----|----|
| (1) | 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. |
| (2) | 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. |
| (3) | 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. |
| (4) | 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. |
| (5) | 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. |

放送を聞いて質問に対して最も適している答えを選びなさい。



(10) 下のメモを見て質問に対して最も適している答えを選びなさい。

1 from Tom Tom's house at 3 tomorrow	2 from Bob Kumi's house at 2 tomorrow	3 from Kumi Bob's house at 3 tomorrow	4 from Kumi Tom's house at 2 tomorrow
---	--	--	--

2 次の(11)～(18)の対話文を完成させるのに最も適しているものを選びなさい。

(11) A: I won the English speech contest.

B: ()

- | | |
|---------------------|------------------|
| 1. Nice to see you! | 2. That's right! |
| 3. Congratulations! | 4. Be careful! |

(12) A: Excuse me. Is this seat taken?

B: ()

- | | |
|------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Yes, you are. | 2. No, I don't think so. |
| 3. Just looking. | 4. I'm full. |

(13) A: It's hot. Will you open the window?

B: ()

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------|
| 1. No, thank you. | 2. Here you are. |
| 3. All right. | 4. Yes, please. |

(14) A: Hi, Sarah! How was your weekend?

B: I was sick in bed.

A: () Are you OK now?

- | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| 1. See you again. | 2. That's a good idea. |
| 3. You're welcome. | 4. That's too bad. |

(15) A: I'm so hungry.

B: Me, too. ()

A: Sure. Let's buy something at the convenience store.

- | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Shall we have lunch? | 2. What shall we have? |
| 3. Shall we go to a restaurant? | 4. When shall we meet? |

(16) A: What is the weather like?

B: It's rainy.

A: Really? Then we can't play tennis today.

B: But we can. ()

- | | |
|--|---------------------------------|
| 1. There is a swimming pool. | 2. The tennis court has a roof. |
| 3. Takeshi will bring us good rackets. | 4. We have a lot of balls. |

(17) A: Excuse me. How can I get to City Hall?

B: Walk down this road and turn left at the third light.

A: ()

B: Yes. The bus stop is over there. Take the No.3 bus.

- | | |
|---|----------------------------|
| 1. Do you walk to City Hall? | 2. Can you take me by car? |
| 3. How long does it take to the bus stop? | 4. Can I go there by bus? |

(18) A: May I help you?

B: Yes, I'm looking for a sweater.

A: Do you like this black one?

B: Wow! It's very nice. OK. ()

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| 1. I'll take it. | 2. I'll bring it. |
| 3. I'll look for it. | 4. I'll forget it. |

3 次の(19)～(23)の下線部の意味として最も適しているものを選びなさい。

(19) He was really impressed with the beautiful lake.

- | | |
|-------------|-----------|
| 1. ～に押された | 2. ～に感動した |
| 3. ～にがっかりした | 4. ～を印刷した |

(20) I disagree with Ken. His idea is boring.

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| 1. ～とけんかしている | 2. ～に賛成です |
| 3. ～に反対です | 4. ～と仲良くしている |

(21) After a while the boy stopped crying.

- | | | | |
|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|
| 1. 突然に | 2. いつの間にか | 3. すぐに | 4. しばらくして |
|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|

(22) Don't be late for the appointment with your doctor.

- | | | | |
|-----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 1. ～を間違える | 2. ～を忘れる | 3. ～に遅れる | 4. ～を変える |
|-----------|----------|----------|----------|

(23) I had a piece of cake this morning.

- | | | | |
|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| 1. 一切れの～ | 2. 一杯の～ | 3. 一束の～ | 4. 一組の～ |
|----------|---------|---------|---------|

4 次の(24)～(28)の英文を完成させるのに最も適しているものを選びなさい。

(24) Cheese is made from ().

- | | | | |
|----------|----------|---------|---------|
| 1. bread | 2. water | 3. snow | 4. milk |
|----------|----------|---------|---------|

(25) My watch is a few minutes ().

- | | | | |
|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| 1. early | 2. fast | 3. soon | 4. long |
|----------|---------|---------|---------|

(26) A: We want to play baseball. We need nine players, but we only have eight now.

Please () us.

B: OK. I will.

- | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|--------|
| 1. move | 2. hold | 3. join | 4. ask |
|---------|---------|---------|--------|

(27) A: I have a headache.

B: You should take this () and then you'll feel better.

- | | | | |
|----------|------------|-------------|--------|
| 1. train | 2. picture | 3. medicine | 4. bed |
|----------|------------|-------------|--------|

(28) A: These oranges () good.

B: Yes. I ate one of them and I loved it.

- | | | | |
|---------|--------|---------|----------|
| 1. look | 2. see | 3. find | 4. watch |
|---------|--------|---------|----------|

5 次の(29)～(38)の英文を完成させるのに最も適しているものを選びなさい。

(29) This song is () in many countries.

1. love 2. loved 3. loving 4. loves

(30) Which is (), Mt. Fuji or Mt. Tsukuba?

1. high 2. the highest 3. more high 4. higher

(31) Do you know () broke this window?

1. the student which 2. the student who
3. who the student 4. which the student

(32) () your sisters high school students?

1. Are 2. Is 3. Do 4. Does

(33) Takeshi () just arrived in Nagoya.

1. is 2. have 3. has 4. having

(34) He was born () the morning of April 7th.

1. for 2. at 3. in 4. on

(35) A: Is this pen yours?

B: Yes, it's ().

1. mine 2. yours 3. my 4. your

(36) I want to read a book () in easy English.

1. write 2. written 3. writing 4. to write

(37) The news () her sad.

1. took 2. made 3. gave 4. came

(38) Do you know () ?

1. when was built the school 2. when was the school built
3. when the school built was 4. when the school was built

6 次の英文を読んで、下の設問(39)～(42)に答えなさい。

Teddy bears are toy bears. They are good friends of small children, but some adults collect teddy bears, too. They are made by hand around the world by many artists.

The teddy bear was born in two parts of the world at about the same time. In 1903 in Germany, Margarete Steiff made toy animals for her nephew Richard Steiff. She also made a pretty toy bear. It was displayed at a toy show in Leipzig, Germany. An American liked it and ordered 3,000 bears.

The name “teddy bear” comes from the 26th President of the United States. In 1902, President Theodore Roosevelt went on a hunting trip in Mississippi. He found only one bear. But it was so small and young that he did not shoot it. Clifford Berryman drew the President and the little bear in a cartoon. When Morris Michtom saw the cartoon, he asked his wife to make a toy bear and put it in his store. He and his wife called it “Teddy’s Bear” because President Theodore Roosevelt was called “Teddy.”

(注) toy	おもちゃの	artist	芸術家, アーティスト
nephew	甥 (おい)	display	展示する
Leipzig	ライプチヒ (ドイツの都市)	President	大統領
hunting	狩り	Mississippi	ミシシッピ
shoot	撃つ	cartoon	漫画

(39) 大人向けのテディベアは_____

1. 手作りである。
2. ドイツ製である。
3. 本物のクマに似ている。
4. アメリカ製である。

(40) 本文に合うように英文を完成させなさい。

_____ made toy animals in Germany in 1903.

1. Morris Michtom
2. Richard Steiff
3. Margarete Steiff
4. Theodore Roosevelt

(41) テディベアの名前の由来は何ですか。最も適しているものを選びなさい。

1. ミシシッピに生息するクマの名前
2. 有名な漫画に出てくるクマの名前
3. おもちゃのクマを作った人の名前
4. ルーズベルト大統領の愛称

(42) 本文の内容と一致しないものを1つ選びなさい。

1. Small children like teddy bears.
2. President Theodore Roosevelt liked collecting teddy bears.
3. Teddy bears were born in Germany and the United States.
4. Margarete's toy bear was displayed at a toy show.

7 次の英文を読んで、下の設問(43)～(46)に答えなさい。

Have you heard of “Earth Day”? Earth Day is a special day to think about our planet's environment in many countries. Every year on April 22nd, people hold different events to remember and do something for the earth. (注)

The first Earth Day was held on April 22nd, 1970. Democratic Senator Gaylord Nelson from the U.S. started the holiday. Nelson thought that the U.S. was not interested in the environment, and he introduced ideas for changes. One of the changes was to hold Earth Day every April 22nd. (注)

More than 20 million Americans celebrated the first Earth Day. Many schools around the country joined in. Students learned about the environment on that day. Concerts were also held in big cities. These events are still held today. Weeks after the event, new rules were made to protect drinking water, forests, and animals. (注)

Today people are becoming more interested in the environment. More than 500 million people in 175 countries celebrate Earth Day now. Walk or ride your bike to school! Turn off the lights when you leave a room! We all can help the environment. (注)

(注) events	行事	Democratic Senator	上院議員
million	百万	celebrate	祝う
protect	保護する	turn off	消す

(43) 次の問いの答えとして最も適しているものを選びなさい。

What is “Earth Day”?

1. It's a holiday to celebrate many countries.
2. It's a holiday to take action for the earth.
3. It's a holiday to learn about rules for the earth.
4. It's a holiday to hold a birthday party for the earth.

(44) 次の問いの答えとして最も適しているものを選びなさい。

Who started “Earth Day”?

- | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. Teachers. | 2. Students. |
| 3. Gaylord Nelson. | 4. 500 million Americans. |

(45) 最初の “Earth Day” に行われたことで本文と一致するものを1つ選びなさい。

1. 町中にポスターが貼られた。
2. コンサートが開かれた。
3. 車のパレードが行われた。
4. 募金が行われた。

(46) “Earth Day” の考えにふさわしくないものを1つ選びなさい。

1. We learn about the earth.
2. We walk to school.
3. We protect forests.
4. We use a lot of water.